Тренировочный вариант № 2
контрольных измерительных материалов
единого государственного экзамена 2027 года
по АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ
ПИСЬМЕННАЯ ЧАСТЬ

Инструкция по выполнению работы

Экзаменационная работа по английскому языку состоит из четырёх разделов («Аудирование», «Чтение», «Грамматика и лексика», «Письменная речь»), включающих в себя 38 заданий.

На выполнение экзаменационной работы отводится 3 часа 10 минут (190 минут).

Ответы к заданиям 3–9, 12–18 и 30–36 записываются по приведённому ниже образцу в виде одной цифры, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Эту цифру запишите в поле ответа в тексте работы, а затем перенесите в бланк ответов № 1.

КИМ Ответ: 2 Бланк 2

Ответы к заданиям 1, 2, 10, 11 записываются по приведённому ниже образцу в виде последовательности цифр. Эту последовательность цифр запишите в поле ответа в тексте работы, а затем перенесите в бланк ответов № 1.

КИМ Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F
5	2	4	1	7	3

Бланк 5 2 4 1 7 3

Ответы к заданиям 19–29 записываются по приведённому ниже образцу в виде слова (нескольких слов). Ответ запишите в поле ответа в тексте работы, а затем перенесите в бланк ответов № 1.

КИМ Ответ: DO NOT KNOW . Бланк D O N O T K N O W

Раздел 4 («Письменная речь») состоит из 2 заданий (37 и 38) и представляет собой небольшую письменную работу (написание электронного личного письма и письменного высказывания с элементами рассуждения на основе таблицы/диаграммы). В бланке ответов № 2 укажите номер задания и запишите ответ к нему.

Все бланки ЕГЭ заполняются яркими чёрными чернилами. Допускается использование гелевой или капиллярной ручки.

При выполнении заданий можно пользоваться черновиком. **Записи в черновике, а также в тексте контрольных измерительных материалов не учитываются при оценивании работы.**

Баллы, полученные Вами за выполненные задания, суммируются. Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий и набрать наибольшее количество баллов.

После завершения работы проверьте, чтобы ответ на каждое задание в бланках ответов № 1 и № 2 был записан под правильным номером.

Желаем успеха!

Раздел 1. Аудирование

1

*Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего **A–F** и утверждениями, данными в списке **1–7**. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, **только один раз.** **В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение.** Вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.*

1. All snacks are unhealthy and lead to weight problems.
2. A snack may be a reward for some achievements.
3. Having snacks can have a lot of advantages.
4. Snacks are a way out when you're under pressure.
5. Some people have snacks because they're bored.
6. It's possible to have a healthy snack.
7. Snacks may help you handle your negative emotions.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E	F
Утверждение						

2

*Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **A–G** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). Занесите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

A. Jane spent a month in Italy.
B. Jane and her parents had a lazy vacation in Italy.
C. Jane knows some facts about the history of Pompeii.
D. Jane got to Pompeii by bus.
E. Jane thinks the ticket to Pompeii wasn't expensive.
F. Jane is always lucky to have good guides.
G. Peter is going to Italy next summer.

Утверждение	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Соответствие диалогу							

*Вы услышите интервью. В заданиях **3–9** запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

3 What do we learn about Garry Smith at the beginning of the interview?

1) He mainly stays in New Mexico.
2) He's never won any awards.
3) He's internationally famous.

Ответ: ☐

4 For Garry, a desert is …

1) a place without houses.
2) a supernatural power.
3) just a childhood memory.

Ответ: ☐

5 For Garry, his motorcycle is …

1) more than just a means of transport.
2) the best way to cross a desert.
3) a present from his good friend.

Ответ: ☐

6 Garry thinks that people are sometimes impressed by …

1) what they mainly focus on.
2) truly authentic objects.
3) something really unexpected.

Ответ: ☐

7 The can which Garry found in the desert was …

1) an iconic image in Qatar.
2) a source of inspiration for him.
3) of a popular brand of soft drinks.

Ответ: ☐

8 Giving his interview, Garry sounds like a/an … man.

1) lazy
2) open-minded
3) arrogant

Ответ: ☐

9 Garry compares the job of an architect with dancing because an architect must …

1) know choreography.
2) negotiate his project with a client.
3) always think rationally.

Ответ: ☐

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–9 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задания 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. Чтение

10

*Установите соответствие между текстами **A–G** и заголовками **1–8**. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.***

1. **Avoiding risks**
2. **Can crows talk?**
3. **A variety of species**
4. **As smart as a crow**
5. **Food strategies**
6. **Meet the crow!**
7. **Family life issues**
8. **They are not the same**

A. Crows are birds known for their intelligence, their adaptability, and their loud, harsh cawing sound. They are part of the same family as ravens, jays, magpies, and nutcrackers. Different crow species live on every continent, except South America and Antarctica. Although they are not sometimes taken seriously, just as annoying noisy birds, crows are clever, curious, and deeply social creatures. Even today, scientists are continuing to discover how unusual and surprising these birds are.

B. Crows are extremely intelligent. They are known for their problem-solving, communication skills, and ability to recognise humans. In fact, research shows that crows remember the faces of people they do not like and even pass this information to other crows in their flock. These cunning birds are maths experts, too. Crows can count out loud, and they understand the concept of zero. In some ways, crows are as clever as toddlers or small children, and on one test of intelligence, they even beat monkeys.

C. Crows are omnivores, which means they eat nearly anything. Crows eat small mammals, frogs, and reptiles, as well as eggs and the remains of dead animals. They also eat bugs, seeds, grains, nuts, fruit, mollusks, worms, and even other birds. Crows sometimes dig through human garbage for a snack. Besides, they are known to hide their meal and save it for later. Crows have even been spotted placing walnuts on the road, so that cars will drive over them and crack their shells, making the nuts easier to eat.

D. Ravens and crows are related, but they are different. One can tell the two apart mainly by their size: ravens are larger and closer in size to hawks. Crows also tend to travel in large flocks, whereas ravens are more often seen in pairs. They also have different tail feathers. Crow tail feathers are all the same length, so when a crow is flying, its tail looks like a handheld fan. A raven, on the other hand, has longer feathers in the middle of its tail, so it looks like an arrow shape when the raven flies.

E. Like parrots, some crows learn to mimic human speech. The way birds make sounds is very different from the way we do, though. Humans can speak because of our larynx, or voice box. When air from our lungs passes through the larynx, our vocal cords vibrate, which creates sound waves we recognise as speech. Crows do not have a larynx, though. They have a different vocal organ, called a syrinx, that they use to make noises. It lets crows communicate, and they are known for their distinctive cawing sound.

F. The crow is well-known for its ability to predict trouble. Crows quickly learn that a moving car is no danger, but will rapidly fly away if the driver stops and gets out. In areas where they are constantly hunted, they learn the difference between a hunter with a gun and a farmer with farming tools. This degree of great care and attention is developed due to frequent aggressive treatment by man. Crows use a system of guards that observe and sound warnings to all other crows in the area.

G. Crows use a mixed habitat, including woodlands, open areas, agricultural fields, coastal wetlands, marshes, rivers, and streams. Crows generally nest once per year. Nest building usually happens in late March and takes about 5 days. The nests are cup shaped and constructed of twigs and bark, and lined with grass, leaves, feathers, etc. On average, 5 eggs are laid from late April to early May, and it takes about 20 days to hatch. The young remain in the nest for about a month, and are fed even longer.

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G

11

*Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **A–F** частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами **1–7**. **Одна из частей в списке 1–7 лишняя.** Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.*

Going green

Green buildings. Green energy. Green cleaning. Once upon a time, green was just another colour in your crayon box. It was also a word **A** _____. In recent years, "green" has become the universal word for all environmentally friendly things.

The happy hum of a washing machine, **B** _____ are some of the soothing sounds of home. And there are times when these appliances are running all at once at your place. But as **C** _____ pollution. The more energy your home consumes, the harder power plants have to work, and the more pollution enters the environment.

As a resident of a fragile planet, you do want to do your part to help the environment. So you recycle, you use **D** _____ and you never let the water run while you're brushing your teeth. But as you do your part to protect the environment, it's important **E** _____ can also improve your health. For example, reducing carbon dioxide emissions can be achieved in many ways, and can benefit your health. By deciding to use your bike or walk to work, you benefit both **F** _____. You reduce your fossil fuel consumption and increase leisure-time physical activity and connect with others. So, don't hesitate and go green whenever you can.

1. to keep in mind that living green
2. your health and the local environment
3. biking, walking or working from home
4. public transportation whenever you can
5. clothes dryer, dishwasher and refrigerator
6. the neighbour used to describe your garden
7. your electricity usage goes up, so does the air

Ответ:

A	B	C	D	E	F

*Прочитайте текст и выполните задания **12–18**. В каждом задании запишите в поле ответа цифру **1**, **2**, **3** или **4**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.*

How a Paris abbey became a science museum

A trip to Europe without visiting museums would be like a trip to Fiji without visiting a beach. It just seems wrong to ignore such an embarrassment of riches. So when I was in France last year, I dutifully walked through museums, but I soon noticed a strange phenomenon. Every time I think about going to a museum, it seems like a fascinating way to spend an afternoon, but once I get there, I almost always find myself getting very sleepy by the time I get to the second gallery. I try to be enthusiastic … but usually I'm no match for the long halls of display cases.

There is an exception to this rule, though: science museums. I love inventions and gadgets, getting to know how things work and how people went about solving very difficult problems. I can stay awake in a good science museum indefinitely. So while in Paris, I visited the Conservatory of Arts and Trades. Part of this centuries-old institution is a museum that's open to the public, and it contains a fascinating variety of objects and exhibits including the original Foucault's Pendulum.

The Conservatory is off the beaten path; most English guidebooks don't even mention it. It does, however, attract a certain number of pilgrims who were fascinated by Umberto Eco's novel Foucault's Pendulum, part of which takes place there. In the novel, a secret passage under the floor of the nave connects with the Paris sewers. That isn't the case in reality, but truth is perhaps more interesting than fiction. There is something under the floor of the nave, a curious part of the building's long and strange history.

The foundation for the abbey church of St. Martin of the Fields was laid around 1059, about the time of the Norman conquest. Over the next centuries, numerous additions and renovations were undertaken. All that changed in the French Revolution when under the name of Conservatory of Arts and Trades, it became a depository for machines, models, tools, drawings, descriptions and books in all the areas of the arts and trades. It officially opened in 1802.

The museum closed for a renovation in 1993, and as part of the process, archaeological excavations were undertaken beneath the floor of the nave. For the entire history of the church, there had been stories that the site on which it stood was once a Merovingian funerary basilica, but this had never been proven. What archaeologists discovered was a large necropolis dating from the 6th or 7th century with about 100 plaster coffins inside. The tales were indeed true.

When the museum reopened a few years later, it was a typical shiny and up-to-date science museum. But it was decided that their thousands of additional articles should be made available to scholars even when they're not on exhibit. So they opened **a satellite facility** in the nearby town of Saint-Denis, where by appointment only qualified researchers can go to examine the rest of the museum's collection.

I've been to the Conservatory in 2000 and in 2003. As a science museum I found it a sheer delight. The former abbey is only a portion of the museum, and the museum is only a portion of the Conservatory. But all the history of the building and the institution seems to be concentrated in the large nave with its bones beneath and gadgets above. The odd contrast of centuries of monastic simplicity with centuries of technological progress tickles me in a way I can't easily describe. Perhaps the Pendulum says it best: as a scientific wonder that's also meditatively simple, it symbolically bridges the illusory divide between technology and spirituality.

12 According to the author, visiting museums in Europe is considered to …

1) become more and more popular.
2) be an integral part of any journey.
3) show the level of one's education.
4) be the evidence of general curiosity.

Ответ: ☐

13 What does the author think about museums?

1) The European museums are the best.
2) He finds most of them to be boring.
3) There should be only science museums.
4) He thinks they are a waste of money.

Ответ: ☐

14 Which of the following does NOT explain the author's love for science museums?

1) He loves history of gadgets.
2) There is a chance to see how mechanisms work.
3) It's possible to touch the things that he likes.
4) The author likes stories of inventions.

Ответ: ☐

15 According to the author, the Conservatory is popular with the …

1) local people.
2) fans of a famous book.
3) English guides.
4) scholars.

Ответ: ☐

16 The reason the archaeological excavations started was the need to …

1) find Merovingian treasures.
2) solve some construction problems.
3) strengthen the basement.
4) prove the story of the site.

Ответ: ☐

17 *"A satellite facility"* in the phrase "… they opened a satellite facility" (paragraph 6) refers to …

1) a minor educational site.
2) a research area.
3) a place for additional exhibits.
4) the museum's laboratory.

Ответ: ☐

18 Visiting the museum the author is impressed by …

1) its size, history and facilities.
2) the number of technological exhibits.
3) the mixture of material and immaterial in its environment.
4) the symbols he finds there.

Ответ: ☐

По окончании выполнения заданий 10–18 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задания 10 и 11 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

*Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **19–24**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **19–24**.*

The land of ice and fire

19 People often call Iceland ‘the land of ice and fire’. That is so because this country has _____ volcanoes than most other countries in the world. MANY

20 Some of _____ volcanoes are still active while others can wake up any time. THIS

21 Much of Iceland _____ in lava as eruptions happen about every four years. COVER

The Louvre

22 The Louvre is a famous museum in Paris. It is the _____ art museum in the world. LARGE

23 If you wanted to spend 30 seconds looking at each piece of art there, it _____ you 100 days to see the entire museum. Originally the Louvre was a fortress and then it became a royal palace. TAKE

24 After the French Revolution the building _____ into a museum which is a must-see for any tourist who goes to Paris. TURN

*Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **25–29**, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы **25–29**.*

Sketching

25 Hobbies are a great way to relax and unwind after a busy day at school or at work. One of the most popular hobbies nowadays is sketching. It is _____ a good hobby for you if you want to start thinking in a different way. DEFINITE

26 Sketching develops your _____. CREATE

27 It can be very helpful for your personal _____ DEVELOP

28 Besides, you can apply the skills you learn through sketching in a number of ways in your life. To begin with, you may become interested in a career of an _____. ILLUSTRATE

29 Moreover, you will never need a camera when you are on holiday because your drawings will be the best memories about your trip. Finally, while sketching you learn to notice your feelings and emotions and thus improve your _____ skills. COMMUNICATE

*Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами **30–36**. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям **30–36**, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру **1**, **2**, **3** или **4**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.*

My uncle

I didn't like my uncle Conrad. When he rose in the morning, he somehow **30** _____ to wake the entire household. No one complained, as he was the breadwinner in the family, and in any **31** _____, he was cheaper and more reliable than an alarm clock.

The first noise I would hear was the bedroom door slamming. This would be followed by my uncle tramping along the creaky wooden landing and down the stairs. Then another door would slam as he **32** _____ into the bathroom. If anyone was still asleep, the rush of water, followed by two more slammed doors before he returned to the bedroom, served to **33** _____ them that my uncle expected his breakfast to be on the table by the time he walked into the kitchen. He only had a wash and a shave on Saturday evenings before going to the cinema. He **34** _____ a bath four times a year on quarter-day. No one was going to accuse him of wasting his hard-earned cash on soap.

My mum would be next up, leaping out of bed moments after the first slammed door. There would be a bowl of porridge on the stove by the time my uncle came out of the bathroom. Grandma followed shortly afterwards, and would **35** _____ her daughter in the kitchen before my uncle had taken his place at the head of the table. I had to be down within 5 minutes of the first slammed door if I hoped to get any breakfast. This daily **36** _____ in the household never varied.

30 1) resulted 2) achieved 3) managed 4) succeeded

Ответ: ☐

31 1) case 2) view 3) way 4) sense

Ответ: ☐

32 1) departed 2) digressed 3) distracted 4) disappeared

Ответ: ☐

33 1) review 2) remind 3) revise 4) remember

Ответ: ☐

34 1) took 2) made 3) kept 4) held

Ответ: ☐

35 1) add 2) link 3) fit 4) join

Ответ: ☐

36 1) plan 2) topic 3) routine 4) theme

Ответ: ☐

По окончании выполнения заданий 19–36 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задания 19–29 буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву или цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

! ***Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.***

Раздел 4. Письменная речь

*Для ответов на задания **37** и **38** используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Черновые пометки можно делать прямо на листе с заданиями или использовать отдельный черновик. При выполнении заданий **37** и **38** особое внимание обратите на то, что Ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма текста. Тексты недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются. Соблюдайте нормы письменной речи, записывайте ответы аккуратно и разборчиво.*
*Укажите номер задания **37** в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2 и напишите текст своего ответного электронного письма зарубежному другу по переписке.*

37 You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Olive:

From: Olive@mail.uk
To: Russian_friend@ege.ru
Subject: St. Petersburg
...At college we are doing projects on the historic cities of the world. If I choose St. Petersburg in Russia, what places of interest should I write about? Is St. Petersburg popular among foreign and local tourists, and why? What season is the best to visit St. Petersburg? *We've just returned from the trip to the seaside…*

Write an email to Olive.
In your message:
– answer her questions;
– ask **3 questions** about the trip.
Write **100–140 words**.
Remember the rules of email writing.

Выберите только ОДНО из двух предложенных заданий (38.1 или 38.2), укажите его номер в БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2 и выполните согласно данному плану. ***В ответе на задание 38 числительные пишите цифрами.***

38.1 Imagine that you are doing a project on **where Zetlanders prefer to spend a Saturday evening**. You have found some data on the subject – the results of the opinion polls (see the table below).

Comment on the data in the table and give your opinion on the subject of the project.

Places	Number of respondents (%)
Restaurant or café	37
Park	34
Sports centre	15
Hobby club	9
Theatre or museum	5

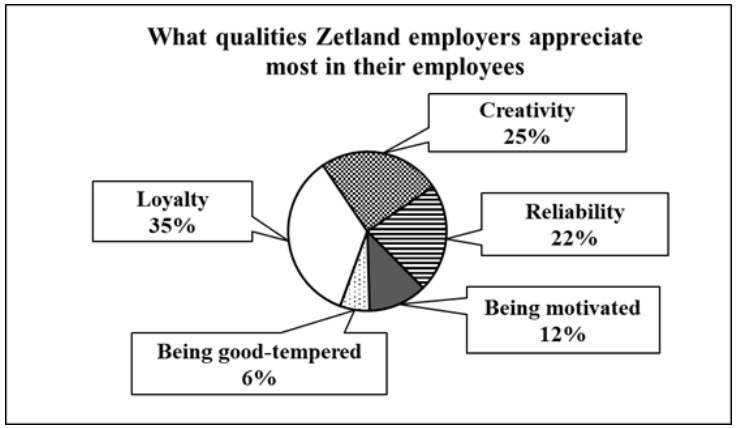
Write **200–250 words**.

Use the following plan:

– make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
– select and report 2–3 facts;
– make 1–2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
– outline a problem that can arise with spending free time and suggest a way of solving it;
– conclude by giving and explaining your opinion on the best way to spend a Saturday evening.

38.2 Imagine that you are doing a project on **what qualities Zetland employers appreciate most in their employees**. You have found some data on the subject – the results of the opinion polls (see the pie chart below).

Comment on the data in the pie chart and give your opinion on the subject of the project.



Write **200–250 words**.

Use the following plan:

– make an opening statement on the subject of the project;
– select and report 2–3 facts;
– make 1–2 comparisons where relevant and give your comments;
– outline a problem that can arise at work and suggest a way of solving it;
– conclude by giving and explaining your opinion on the importance of choosing the right company to work for.

! ***Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.***